

C46 mobile study guide

1 Therm=100,000 BTU

Energy to raise 1 lb H₂O 1 deg F = 1 BTU

7.5 Gal/CUFT

V=IR & W=VI

8.33 lbs/gal or

12 gal=100 lbs. or

25/3 lbs/gal

$A = \pi r^2$

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

Trig. S=O/H, C=A/H, T=O/A (Some Old

Hippie Caught Another Hippie Tripping On Acid)

S=sin, C=Cos, T=Tan,

O=opposite, A=adjacent, H=Hypotenuse

1-2 gal/SQFT of thermal collector

Storage of hot water equal to daily usage

20 gal per person average

3 CUFT/min/SQFT of Air collector

SRCC is Solar Rating & Certification Corp.

& is for certifying hot water systems.

Black, red, blue etc. is hot

AWG smaller number is bigger except;

AWG biggest 0 then 00 then 000

Water spits in old solar system=air in line

Use nylon rope to hoist collector to roof

Warning lines not fall protection on

sloped roof

Circuit protection required on circuit in garage

Steel is not compatible with aluminum

10 yr. warranty required for CA rebate

T&P is temp & pressure

Pressure relief on water heater responds to Temp & Pressure

36" clearance in front of elect panel

LP (Propane) causes frost bite!

LP is heavier than air

Cold tank in AM means poor insulation

Domestic hot water latitude plus zero

Space heating latitude plus 15 deg. tilt

Heat capacity=specific heat plus density

Loose fill insulation for old homes

Insulate on external walls

Galvanized can be in concrete

Brazing order=top,side,bottom

Pipe support, copper 10', iron 15', steel

25', plastic 4'

Hot rock solar system has stratification

Hardened copper more durable-can't be

threaded

Local code trumps mfg.

Black paint radiates heat

C100 is programmable controller

Y-intercept 75% then slope=.8

Flexible cables need 4.5' support

Min. collector clearance is 1.5"

THHW is allowed underground

12 gauge wire carries 20 amps

Type L copper has blue stripe & is for

solar

Type K copper is hard

PVC can't be for water supply

Fluid flow for collector .02 GPM/SQFT

Small holes cause clogging

Bolt array to manifold

Check solar fluid quarterly

No thermometer too close to pump

Differential thermostat delta 10-18 deg.

Fiberglass contraindicated with high heat

Collector at least 18" above ground

Drain to siphon 6"

Air to air is rock bed

Sun effect=solar through window

Air through riser 800 FPM

Collectors must be easily accessible

Auxiliary heater=100% recovery

Phase change=BTU storage plus loss

Polyurethane has higher R-value

Vermiculite & perlite has lower R-value

Platform/Western framing used in CA

Thermal is usually F and PV is usually C in deg

Slab on a grade is = or > 3.5"

Temp reduction factor in 100 watt module

89%

Long pipe run = greater temp differential

Wire measured in diameter, 1 mil=.001"

Contact cement for seams of insulation

tubing

R-19 walls-sheathing=2x4 & R-11

insulation

Continuity test with ohmmeter parallel to

deenergized system.

Ampmeter used in series

Connect voltmeter parallel to energized

system

Forced warm air filters in duct

Heat loss is infiltration

Put bread in pipe to stop water

6' from skylight for fall protection

Foil wrapped pipe insulation for UV

>250V requires insulated gloves

Foot protection for objects falling on feet

Dry chemical fire retardant for hot asphalt

Battery must be vented

Warm air filter change monthly then

quarterly

Heat pump cycle similar to AC

80 SF of collector to 40-80 SF of rock

2x6 studs for R19

Use rubber sole on roof

2 people carry a 4X10 collector

2 people carry on same shoulder

If pipe insulation's not UV resistant, use

UV paint or tape.

Use nylon rope

After clearing gravel on roof locate center of bolt hole.

1.5" off roof for solar

At delta T=10 to 20 turn on pump

Rock has high heat capacity per pound

Black is absorber

To install on tile, remove tiles

No warning lines for 5:12 for fall

protection

Specific heat of H₂O is 1.00

A/C piping is copper

Corrosion=materials incompatible

Open bleed valves=release air

Gravity heater register at baseboard

Thermometer defective if oil furnace

won't light

Drill hole through rafter < 2" from edge

Tempering valve mixes

Absorber converts

Addition adding to SQFT must comply

with energy requirements.

Open loop drandown more likely to have

air

Reduce energy bill 60% turn down

thermostat

Recirculation freezes in a power outage

Major part of storage collector is collector

Pure oxygen can be used never

Subcontractors sharing conduit tell prime

how much space/area they will need

Distance between supports for flex metal

conduit is 4.5'

K is the hardest copper pipe

Pipe least effected by corrosion is plastic

Pipe can't be used as water supply is PVC

Blue stripe on pipe is L

Dissimilar metal leads to most corrosion

To calc gallons in pool length x width x

depth x 7.5 gal/CUFT

Local codes take precedence over state &

Fed.

If plans are slightly off, contact

Prime/General

Correct order is:

1) design 2) permit 3) install 4) inspection

2" is closest you can come to edge of

rafter when drilling hole for wire.

Double radius of duct and flow increases

4X

Thermal sensors work with milliamps

Minimal clearance in front of elec panel

under 600V is 36"

Ventilated box used for 50V battery bank.

Blocking diode prevents reverse current

from AC to DC.

Most dangerous about LP is burns on skin

& it accumulates at floor level.

Chrome v. black collectors-chrome emits

less

Isolation valves before and after pump

Most likely to freeze is chrome black

C-100 is storage temp high limit control

High efficiency is 75% y-intercept, .8 slope

Evaporated tube uses vacuum as insulator

Volume of pool effects heat loss least

Pitch pockets are discouraged; flashing

best

Max live load 200 SQFT roof is 20 PSF

Don't use rubber flashing on tar & rock

Elec. Splice made inside box

Grounding first to make last to break

Circuit breaker on hot

White is grounded conductor

Green or bare is equip. grounding

conductor